

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL. VII, NO. 37

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1916

\$2.00 YEARLY

F. M. Thompson Co.

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Now is the time to purchase your Fall Clothing. We have a choice range of Men's "Eastern" Brand Caps

Men's Regal and Invictus Fine Shoes

Men's All-Wool and Fleece Lined Underwear

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Splendid range of Men's Work Pants, tweeds and corduroys

A full range of Sweater Coats in Men's, Boys',

Ladies' and Children's

We specialize in Boys' and Girls' School Shoes

Green Trousers, \$1.40 net per 40-lb box.

Peaches, all sound, choice stock, \$1.30 net

Italian Prunes \$1.20 net

Pears, per box \$2.55 net

Crab Apples, per box \$1.00 net.

Apples, good sound stock, \$1.85 net.

Get our Prices on Feed Stuff and Flour

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The Store That Saves You Money

BLAIRMORE ALBERTA

"Quaker" Bread. Health Biscuit

NUTRITIOUS ~ DELICIOUS ~ HEALTHFUL
You will enjoy this Good Bread. Look for the Label

Coleman Cash Grocery

J. M. Allan, Prop., Coleman

Agent for "Quaker" Bread

Burnett & Cruikshank

General Merchants,
Bellevue and Wallace

Agents for "Quaker" Bread

J. Kean

Fruits and Confectionery, Cowley

Agent for "Quaker" Bread

Chas. A. Boucher & Co.

Groceries, Pincher Station

Agents for "Quaker" Bread

Mr. Dealer

This space is for you

"Quaker" Bread is a good line to handle

Joseph Handley

Groceries, Blairmore

Agent for "Quaker" Bread

Cyr & Smith

Butchers, Landbuck

Agents for "Quaker" Bread

R. F. Hinton

Fruits and Confectionery

Pincher Creek

Agent for "Quaker" Bread

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FRANK MEAT MARKET

H. Lambirth, Proprietor

Dealer in

Fresh and Cured Meats, Fish in Season, Hams, Bacons, Sausages, Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter

Phone No. 36

Frank, Alta.

Visit Ghinook Parlors

Just opened at Corner Victoria Street and Ninth Avenue

—Well stocked with all kinds of—

Fruits, Confections, Soft Drinks,

Ciders, Ice Creams, Fruits,

Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobaccos, &c.

Agent for Calgary "Ghinook" Beer and Soft Drinks—

Wholesale and Retail!

Get our prices before buying elsewhere.

Free delivery between Coleman and Pasqua of orders \$15 and upwards

MARK SARTORIS, PROP.

Blairmore, Alta.

22,000,000 Men Are Available From Russia

London, Sept. 12.—Russia is to settle the eastern question by eliminating Turkey and Bulgaria entirely from the war, obtaining for the use of Russian troops either the Bulgarian Black Sea port of Varna or Constantinople itself and using it as a base for the crushing of Germany and Austria.

A strong new Russian army is taking the field with this special mission as the correspondent of the Morning Post at Petrograd.

When the army has gained one of these ports as a base of supply, Russia will be able to strike the Tatars with 50 per cent more power, he says.

"In spite of the present co-operation of all the allies, which amounts practically to a pooling of all the resources," says the correspondent, "Russia has had difficulty in getting supplies through the remote ports of Archangel and Vladivostok. What has been accomplished in this line, however, has been marvelous."

The population of Archangel which two years ago was under 20,000 is now six times that, while other towns of the same region now exist with a population of 20,000 where before there were none.

"Russia's new army for the east made no drain whatever upon her strength. If Russia had full port and base facilities, she could put 22,000,000 men into the field. For a time she was unable to arm and equip all the millions she summoned to the colors, but this difficulty has disappeared and soon Russia will be able to use all her strength."

"It is fully realized that Germany's weak point when opposed to Russia is her comparative shortage of men. While Russia can comfortably draw whole armies at frequent periods, the Germans are forced to maintain sufficient men to defend their frontiers."

"While this is disastrous for the Germans, Russia can spare of her millions, tons of thousands of splendid soldiers for service in France and at Saloniciki."

Punch Boards Under Ban

The latest news received by the mounted police of Western Canada is to the effect that punch boards are the latest gambling device to fall under the eagle eye of reformers.

The law order reads: "In all cases the mounties will be on the lookout against parties operating punch boards (i.e., the men having them set up, expect for operation in their stores, shop or business) in their respective districts. Refer to Sec. 236, C.C.C. Sub. Sec. 66. These cases are indictable offences and the procedure will be in the form of a preliminary hearing."

In the case of parties who actually play these boards i.e. punch the board for the purpose of obtaining a prize, paragraph 2 of sub. sec. 236 will apply, insofar that a person buys a chance to obtain a prize each time he purchases the right to punch. These you will note are summary trials, that can be disposed of by conviction of the parties. I quote for your guidance the following from Cranbrook:

Note to Sec. 236 Lieutenant: "A lottery is a giving or distributing of prizes by some mode or contrivance, involving chance, without the use of skill; in other words, there must in order to constitute a lottery be some contrivance or device for obtaining money (value) by chance."

The Quebec Bridge

The bridge was built primarily to carry the National Transcontinental railway between the Atlantic and the Pacific, but the following railroads also will use it: The Grand Trunk, the Canadian Intercolonial, the Quebec and Lake St. John, the Canadian Northern, and the Delaware and Hudson.

The dimensions of the bridge are: Length from shore to shore, 3,239 feet. Width, between anchor buttresses, 1,800 feet.

Length of central span, 644 feet. Length of central span above the river, 150 feet.

Number of railway tracks carried, two; street car tracks, two roads.

The bridge has a central span of 90 feet longer than the Fort Point bridge, which until now had been the world's record in this aspect. The steel used in this bridge weighed 180,000,000 pounds, and cost \$17,000,000, the main pier measuring 150 feet.

Two car tracks, two roads.

The bridge is a general span of 90 feet longer than the Fort Point bridge, which until now had been the world's record in this aspect. The steel used in this bridge weighed 180,000,000 pounds, and cost \$17,000,000, the main pier measuring 150 feet.

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Better Seed Wheat

Methods Adopted for Developing Standard Varieties of Wheat

With an unprecedented European demand for American wheat our farmers are looking with more favor upon the efforts of those who for years have advocated at least more careful wheat selection if not actual wheat breeding.

For several years farmers, plant breeders and other have been developing standard varieties of wheat, which are to be grown wherever improvement can be undertaken; it begins with a test of the standard varieties grown within the state. The object is to find out what is already in existence, and then the question is to take some of the best varieties and attempt to develop them by further selection.

The plan breeders go into the field of a field of variety of wheat which he wishes to improve and selects from 500 to 1,000 heads, taking the best heads he can find. He is also careful to select heads that have grown under average conditions, while the plants are not especially thicker or thinner than the run of field and where all heads of each plant are alike. The heads of these heads is then threshed separately. A simple motor-driven mechanism is fashioned for this purpose. It is a tiny contrivance resembling a tiny typewriter.

From each harvest one five-foot row is planted by itself. Because each planting represents the grain weight of a field of wheat, these are known as "heads." These plantings give from 500 to 1,000 head rows of each variety. At harvest time the first year's selection from these rows is harvested very largely upon visual observation. It may be that the plants in one row are much more cold resistant than are those in another, and the plants in one row have a very much better straw-ing capacity than those in others. In some of the rows the wheat perhaps stands straight and true, while in others it is bowed bodily due to the difference in stiffness of the straw, and in some rows the heads average well in length while in others they are correspondingly short.

Following a general survey, which includes these and other qualities, some fifty per cent of these trial head rows will probably be discarded.

The remaining heads are harvested, threshed, care being taken to see that the seed from each is kept separate. Primarily, this is to select the best seeds, the last step being that of sowing to follow. It may be said that in discarding some of the less promising rows some really good wheat may be missed, but it is impossible to keep all.

Next comes from five to ten one-rod rows of each "line" kept. It is then that the seed from each head row is retained, perhaps 250 to 500 rods, or about 25 to 50 bushels, as Fultz 1, Fultz 2, Fultz 3, and so on. In this planting each line is repeated five to ten times, depending upon the amount of seed, and in some rows the heads average well in length while in others they are correspondingly short.

The rows are put out in random or chance planting, and the results reflecting the various lines are shuffled for each location. This is done to prevent any influence of the one line on the other. If the planted next to it, if in all the tests all the lines were planted in the same order, a strong cold-resistant, frost-storing line, planted all the time by itself, might have an undue advantage over another.

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When the rod rows are planted at the Missouri Experiment Station they are cut to a fixed length, so that the wheat is ripe and ready for the sickle. One foot is cut and discarded from the ends of each row. The story of just why it is done is interesting.

First of all, any injury that may be done to the growing plants, for instance, by wind, birds, dogs, armyworms, grasshoppers, or even by visitors with thoughtless feet, will probably be greatest at the near the ends of the rows. Just here it may be said that Englishmen now know that such a pest on the Missouri Experiment Station fields at Columbia as to threaten to interfere seriously with the reports of scientists and other work. A flock of these birds can eat enough wheat or other grain planted in single rows or small plots to detract greatly from the proportionate yield of the field. This, however, as soon as the grain begins to ripen, a shotgun patrol is kept up through the grounds from daylight until dark. Hundreds of birds are killed and others are frightened from the fields.

Another reason for the 16-foot row is that it saves much tedious work in calibrating yields, and with a penhook for a short can in figure has found that the yield of grain in a 16-foot row, when calculated in grams weight, and one place pointed out, was 37.5 kg. per acre.

Thus, 37.5 grams of wheat from a 16-foot row is equivalent to a yield of 37.5 bushels an acre. The writer to point out the growth of the rod rows, afford an opportunity to compare each of the lines with the unimproved wheat used as checks. From the lines now available, the one is selected for further testing, the more promising, and these it is not always easy to determine, as they may vary slightly in quality from season to season. It is probable that the time will come when all the lines will have been discarded. The lines con-

CHEW "PAY ROLL" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY

10 CENTS PER PLUG

Proposals for Peace**Germany Must Accept, Not Impose,****Terms of Peace**

What may be fairly regarded as the latest German unofficial suggestion of peace terms are to be found in an article by Professor Hugo Münsterberg in the magazine "Review of the New York Times." The professor is a German by birth, and, since the outbreak of the war, he has frequently figured as the philosophic school for the education of the engineers of the German submarine fleet. It is not, therefore, stretching credibility too far to regard his writing as having some touch of inspiration.

What, then, are the terms which in his opinion Germany would accept?

Germany, he says, will not demand a square foot of land, but will demand a portion of the coast territories of France or Belgium. She will agree to surrender Kiao-Chau, and the yield of these heads is then threshed separately. A simple motor-driven mechanism is fashioned for this purpose. It is a tiny contrivance resembling a tiny typewriter.

The yield of any given variety is based not on the showing made by one plot; on the average of all taken, it is three times the average of the weight deducted from the total weight of the bunches, and the remainder carries the weight of straw.

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WAR LOAN

DOMINION OF CANADA

Issue of \$100,000,000 5% Bonds Maturing 1st October, 1931.

PAYABLE AT PAR AT

OTTAWA, HALIFAX, ST. JOHN, CHARLOTTETOWN, MONTREAL, TORONTO, WINNIPEG,
REGINA, CALGARY, VICTORIA

INTEREST PAYABLE HALF-YEARLY, 1st APRIL, 1st OCTOBER.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD.

ISSUE PRICE 97½

A FULL HALF-YEAR'S INTEREST WILL BE PAID ON 1st APRIL, 1917.

THE PROCEEDS OF THE LOAN WILL BE USED FOR WAR PURPOSES ONLY.

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE offers herewith, on behalf of the Government, the above named Bonds for subscription at 97½, payable as follows:

10 per cent on application;
30 " " 1st October, 1916;
30 " " 15th November, 1916;
27 " " 15th December, 1916;

The total allotment of bonds of this issue will be limited to one hundred million dollars exclusive of the amount (if any) paid by the surrender of bonds as the equivalent of cash under the terms of the War Loan prospectus of 22nd November, 1915.

The instalments may be paid in full on the 10th day of October, 1916, or on any instalment due date thereafter, under discount at the rate of four per cent per annum. All payments are to be made to a chartered bank for the credit of the Minister of Finance. Failure to pay any instalment when due will render previous payments liable to forfeiture and the allotment to cancellation.

Subscriptions, accompanied by a deposit of ten per cent of the amount subscribed, must be forwarded through the medium of a chartered bank. Any branch in Canada of any chartered bank will receive subscriptions and issue provisional receipts.

This loan is authorized under Act of the Parliament of Canada, and both principal and interest will be a charge upon the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

Forms of application may be obtained from any branch in Canada of any chartered bank and at the office of any Assistant Receiver General in Canada.

Subscriptions must be for even hundreds of dollars.

In case of partial allotments the surplus deposit will be applied towards payment of the amount due on the October instalment.

Scrip certificates, non-negotiable or payable to bearer in accordance with the choice of the applicant for registered or bearer bonds, will be issued, after allotment, in exchange for the provisional receipts.

When the scrip certificates have been paid in full and payment endorsed thereon by the bank receiving the money, they may be exchanged for bonds, when prepared, with coupons attached, payable to bearer or registered as

to principal, or for fully registered bonds, when prepared, without coupons, in accordance with the application.

Delivery of scrip certificates and of bonds will be made through the chartered banks.

The issue will be exempt from taxes—including any income tax—imposed in pursuance of legislation enacted by the Parliament of Canada.

The bonds with coupons will be issued in denominations of \$100, \$500, \$1,000. Fully registered bonds without coupons will be issued in denominations of \$1,000, \$5,000, or any authorized multiple of \$5,000.

The bonds will be paid at maturity at par at the office of the Minister of Finance and Receiver General at Ottawa, or at the office of the Assistant Receiver General at Halifax, St. John, Charlottetown, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary, or Victoria.

The interest on the fully registered bonds will be paid by cheque, which will be remitted by post. Interest on bonds with coupons will be paid on surrender of coupons. Both cheques and coupons will be payable free of exchange at any branch in Canada of any chartered bank.

Subject to the payment of twenty-five cents for each new bond issued, holders of fully registered bonds without coupons will have the right to convert into bonds of the denomination of \$1,000 with coupons, and holders of bonds with coupons will have the right to convert into fully registered bonds of authorized denominations without coupons at any time on application to the Minister of Finance.

The books of the loan will be kept at the Department of Finance, Ottawa.

Application will be made in due course for the listing of the issue on the Montreal and Toronto Stock Exchanges.

Recognized bond and stock brokers will be allowed a commission of one-eighth of one per cent on allotments made in respect of scrip certificates bearing their stamp, provided, however, that no commission will be allowed in respect of the amount of any allotment paid for by the surrender of bonds issued under the War Loan prospectus of 22nd November, 1915. No commission will be allowed in respect of applications on forms which have not been printed by the King's Printer.

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Subscription Lists will close on or before 23rd September, 1916.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA, September 12th, 1916.

P.O. Box 22, Bellevue
J. Delicate
Contractor & Builder
Dealer in Rough and Dressed Lumber
Shingles, Lath, Doors, Windows, Etc.
Delivers at Bellevue, Hillcrest, Plessisburg, and Frank
Lumber Yards and Office at
Hillcrest Alberta

Blairmore Red Cross

At a meeting of the Executive Committee, it was decided to hold the annual meeting Thursday evening, October 10th. The place of meeting will be the Baptist church 7:30 p.m. A slight programme will be given under the supervision of members W. Shaw, J.F. Hunter and W. J. Bartlett. Refreshments will be served after the close of the business by members Mrs. Pinkney, Mrs. Purvis and Mrs. Howie in connection with everyone, both new comers and old timers, to come to this meeting on the evening of October 10th. A collection will be taken for the Prisoners of war Fund.

The Provincial Branch has asked for \$20,000.00 between now and October 10th. We have only to renew our membership ice promptly to make our part of this possible.

The Secretary-Treasurer desires to acknowledge receipt of \$5,000.00 being part of proceeds of Anglican church concert recently given by the young people of Colman at the Blairmore opera house.

It Pays To Advertise

Cowley Happenings

Hugh Pettit and Bert Connolly are in Spokane playing polo.

Miss Quigley of Hillcrest, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Hewitt.

Jack Sherrill, of Tennessee district, was in town on Thursday.

Mrs. Cecil Elton and Mrs. Ashby Elton were in town on Friday.

A new up-to-date cash register has been installed in the U.P.A. store.

Mrs. Thomas Iredale is visiting near Warner with her son Otto at present.

W. A. Ross, of Pincher Creek was a business visitor to town on Thursday.

William Howie was a business visitor to Pincher Creek for a few days.

After spending several weeks at Brocket, Mrs. Gladys Balnes has and the ripening grain went that

returned home.

The haling of this year's crop of timothy hay is in progress here. Wheat cutting is in full swing.

Walter Knight and family, of Landseer, who had been taking in the Spokane fair, have returned home.

Miss Cecil Connor, of Mead Ranch, was the guest for a few days this week of Miss May Eastbrooks.

Elv. George Baker received a letter from his brother Robert this week, stating that he has been wounded.

The town looks some improved in appearance since Fred Tustian has put a coat of paint on his residence.

The Women's Institute is now making arrangements for the annual Red Cross dance to be held October 6th.

Mrs. J. Bare has returned from Nebraska, where she had been visiting for some time with relatives and friends.

We are glad to say that Miss Armita Biggar, who has been under the weather for some time, is able to get around again.

After visiting for several weeks with Mrs. McLaughlin at North Fork, Miss Minnie Baumeran has returned home and is again attending the local school.

We have heard some people say that frost close approaching

Bellevue Happenings

Joe Christie is down from Sarce for a few days.

Albert Varley has engaged with Cyr & Smith as teamster.

Believe will soon be able to boast of one rough rider.

Charlie Burrows is down from Sarce on a visit to his family.

Harry Katka has accepted a position at the Hillcrest station.

Miss Clara Emery has accepted a position at the Bellevue Bakery.

Fred Chappell was up from Cowley to spend Sunday with his family.

Sergt. Utley and Munty are in from Sarce for a few days this week.

Mrs. James Connor left Bellevue on Sunday night for her old home in Scotland.

Mrs. A. Martell and Mrs. D. Grant, of Hillcrest, were visiting here on Tuesday.

Oscar North went to Pincher Creek this week and brought home two fine cows.

Miss Nora Mitchell and her mother were visiting friends at Coleman on Sunday last.

W. Christie is down from Sarce, and is busy effecting repairs to his father's house and surroundings.

Misses Sadie Morris and Mary Bosley were visiting friends at Michel the early part of the week.

John Loughran, of Coalhurst, is in Bellevue this week, representing a sick and accident insurance company.

Rev. A. J. Law went to Macleod this week to attend a meeting of the district board of the Methodist church.

A runaway horse belonging to the dairy collided with P. Burns' rig on Monday, doing considerable damage.

Mr. Brooks has arrived from Cypress Hills, and has accepted a position in T. M. Burnett's store as grocery clerk.

Mrs. Deering received a letter this week from Cliff Miller, saying that he was well and wishing to be returned to Bellevue friends.

Herman Varley and family have returned from Vancouver, where they have spent some time. Mr. Varley has started to work for the C.P.R. as coal sampler at the Bellevue mine.

The Rosedale dairy was destroyed by fire on Friday last. The building was partly covered by insurance, but the hay and other articles were a total loss. The loss to Messrs. Tomlinson & Tucker is a heavy one.

The Bellevue school board, at a recent meeting decided to operate another room in order to accommodate the large number of children who could not be accommodated at the local school. We understand that a suitable room has been secured, which will be equipped from the school at Lille, and that an extra teacher will be engaged.

Mrs. Dugdale, who has been a resident of Canada, for about three years, and who has lived in Bellevue for most of that time, passed away on Monday morning, following an illness of about three months. Mrs. Dugdale leaves three sons, Thomas, Peter and John, and one daughter, Mrs. H. Campbell, all of Bellevue, who mourn the loss of an affectionate mother. Interment took place at Hillcrest cemetery on Wednesday, the burial service being conducted by Rev. A. J. Law.

Ptes. Simms and Raymond, of the 11th Killoe Battalion, came down from Calgary this morning on a brief furlough.

Latest returns from the B.C. elections show that the Liberals are considerably in the lead, that prohibition will carry by a large majority and that the woman suffrage is strongly endorsed.

Frank Happenings

Mrs. H. Jeppson is visiting friends at Cowley.

John Delaney is on a business visit to Calgary.

Mrs. Hilton visited friends in Bellevue on Tuesday.

Mrs. Turner was over from Hillcrest on Sunday last.

Jess Briscoe paid a business visit to Michel on Thursday.

R. Niven and party left for their fishing trip to the North Fork on Sunday morning last.

George Pooley, accompanied by his father, motored to Pincher Creek on Thursday, where they will spend a couple of weeks holding up.

Mrs. Briscoe and daughter, of Michel, came down on Monday and will make their home here in future. Mrs. Briscoe's son, Jess, being employed at the local mine.

The local mine established a record on Thursday of this week, turning out 1,300 tons. It is expected that the output from now on will be gradually increased and that by Christmas the average output will be 2,000 daily as against an average of 1,250 tons for the past month.

The sale of work held on Mrs. J. R. McDonald's lawn on Wednesday afternoon for the benefit of the Frank Methodist church, was a decided success. The sum of \$80.00 was netted from the sale, and a quantity of goods still remain to be sold. Anyone desiring to obtain any of these goods can do so by paying a visit to Mrs. McDonald, who will be only too pleased to accommodate their requirements.

A cushion, for which tickets had already been sold, was raffled on this occasion for the above benefit, and all ticket holders should hand in their winning numbers, once, or places, when information regarding the winning number may be obtained.

The committee in charge of the sale of work wish to thank all those who helped in any way to make the affair such a success.

Local and General

A meeting of the town council was held last night, report of which is crowded out of this issue.

Contractor Pozzi, who has a number of large construction contracts at Coleman and elsewhere, is now employing about fifty men.

William Howie, representing the Osborne Calendar Co., was in town yesterday. Mr. Howie was until recently manager of the U.F.A. store at Coleman.

Pte. Charles Ouimet has been visiting his sister, Mrs. N. Murphy at Nelson and will continue on to Red Deer before returning to his home at Coleman.

A. C. Beach ("Dad," of the customs), received a message yesterday from Vancouver, stating that his son, W. G. Beach, was married on the 13th inst. to Miss Lydia Dax, of England.

This week the Blairmore Pharmacy changes hands, having been purchased from A. S. Ton by E. D. Stevenson, of Alameda, Saskatchewan. Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson arrived in Blairmore on Tuesday.

The net earnings of the Canadian Pacific Railway for the year ending June 30 last were \$49,225,920, according to the road's annual financial statement. The gross earnings were \$129,481,885, of which approximately \$80,255,000 went for operating expenses.

A recommendation that the criminal code be amended so as to punish more heavily those guilty of social sins, that the natural resources of the country should be held and developed for the people, and that further legislation be asked to meet the cigarette evil were the chief items contained in the report adopted at the annual meeting of the General Board of the Department of Social Service and Evangelism of the Methodist church, at Toronto. Delegates were present from every Province in Canada, and also Newfoundland. It was decided to recommend the launching of a campaign to obtain legislation at Ottawa to stop the importation of intoxicating liquors into prohibited areas, and the manufacture of them in prohibition territory.



Seamanship in Naval Warfare

Absolute Excellence of Seamanship

Is a Fundamental Requisite

"It has sometimes been said," writes a retired admiral, "that while the battles of other days were won by sheer superiority of seamanship, the actions of today are fought out and decided by artillerists."

"But we must understand that the effectiveness of the ship's artillery depends on the skill of the handling of the ship; and even outside the limits of tactics, the larger sphere of strategic direction of the fleet in action, absolute excellence of seamanship is a fundamental requisite. Particularly is this the case when the strength of the naval force is not concentrated under the immediate control of the Admiralty."

"The necessity of forcing the Germans to fight compelled Jellicoe to separate his fastest heavy ships from the main fleet; and these ships, under command of Evan Thomas, were engaged with the enemy's total forces for two hours before Jellicoe could come up himself and end the action."

"Seamanship enters here in the ability of the navigating officers to estimate as accurately as possible the position and course of the vessel at any moment, and of the vessel in touch with all their movements. This is more than ever necessary in fog or in the dark—in all cases, however, the sense of visual touch, either touch direct or touch through 'repeating ships.' Commander Charlie M. Forbes, major of the Royal Engineers and Commander Roger M. Bellairs of the staff plotted the movements of the two fleets with rapidity and accuracy as they were received in messages from the Master of the Fleet, Capt. Oliver E. Leggett. I am indebted for the accuracy with which he kept the reckoning throughout the operations."

The parts played by these officers may be explained as follows: The approximate position of a ship at any time of the day or night is known to a captain by "dead reckoning."

That is to say, he has taken his bearings from the sun at midday and has plotted accurately his position at that time. He then frequently noted carefully his speed and all his variations, his direction, and the changes of direction. These plotted out on a chart give him an approximate position at any subsequent time.

Now this performance is particularly difficult when the sections of a fleet are passing a junction in the open sea, and it is clear that the calculations of each party may fail to coincide with those of the other. Thus, when the two sections meet, currents may have carried one side both somewhat off the line, in which they thought they were travelling, and even when one point of the compass when put out on a straight course might put a ship eight miles out of its course in two hours' steaming.

Saw an "Orn" of Victory

An officer with an eye for the mysterious noted two ornage incidents in the "great push," says the London Globe. Just before the offensive four dogs came out of the German lines. The Germans fled and shouted, but the desirers held fast on. Our men hailed it as an omen.

The other incident was still more curious. In this war scoured zone there is a road called Crucifixion Avenue. When our men reached this road they found every tree levelled by the bombardment—the road had been flanked by trees on both sides. But the crucifixes still stood there, and when it was examined closely, it was impossible to find a single trace of shrapnel fire.

Teacher: Johnny, can you tell me what a hypocrite is?

Johnny: Yes, ma'am. It's a boy what comes to school with a smile on his face.—Brooklyn Citizen.

ARLINGTON

WATERPROOF COLLARS AND CUFFS
made better than life and big laundry stores or direct. State style and size. For the **ARLINGTON COMPANY OF CANADA, Limited**

55 Fraser Avenue, Toronto, Ontario



Skin Muddy?

Dull eyes, blisters and other skin blemishes result from a disordered digestion. Purify the blood, tone the stomach, gently stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels and bile with

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Worth a Guinea a Box
Blisters with Every Box of Beecham's Pills
Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

W. N. U. 1212

War in a Menagerie

Wild Animals as Well as Germans to Contend With in Africa

No one who has travelled in Equatorial Africa will be surprised to find that General Smuts is continually harassed by wild animals. That region is one vast natural preserve of big game. General Smuts seems so far to have been harassed by lions and giraffes, but it is safe to assume that there has been no reference to wild elephants, which might have been expected by those who know their destructive habits to beset him in his motor car, with developments reminiscent of Colonel Patterson's experiences with the man-eaters of Texas.

The giraffes, least formidable of the great quadrupeds, have been giving trouble by pulling down telegraph wires and maiming telegraph communications. These beautiful creatures, which habitually feed on the leaves of the acacia, stripping it of its leaves, high up in the branches, and prehensile tongues can reach every part of the body, bringing back health, strength and energy. Miss Helena Taylor, West Country, says: "Two years ago I was so badly run down with anaemia that some of my doctors did not believe I would get better. I could not get up without stopping to rest, suffered from headaches, loss of appetite, and for two months of the year confined to the house. I was under the care of a doctor, the medicine he gave did not help me in the least. A friend advised my mother to give me Dr. Williams' pills. Although I did not expect they would help, the doctor's medicine had failed, I thought they might be worth trying. After taking two boxes there was a marked change and for the first time that people asked me if I had changed doctors, and I readily told them what was helping me. I continued taking the pills until I had used eight boxes. My health was fully restored, and I have since enjoyed the best of health. I hope my experience may be of service to others who are suffering from Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Please return them to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Wild elephants, on the other hand, which are also rigorously protected—a fact to show a brace costs \$150 a pair—have been giving trouble in this matter of destroying telegraph wires and maiming telegraph communications between Homa and neighboring stations, to the consternation of the officials until investigation on the spot revealed the culpris decamping after having run amok.

It is to be hoped that the elephants may follow the example of the giraffes in the war area, as the temptation of ivory might prove too great for a mild polity of driving them off. There is not enough ivory poaching in that region without such a toll under the thin guise of Kraatz, and the military reprisals are counterbalanced by authorities, the contention on the native mind will be so demoralizing that it is better before our game waders are able to make the move and re-establish that salutary respect for the game laws by which these large and interesting creatures have been saved from extermination. It was because of the sad lesson of South Africa, where the veld, which in the days of Cornhill, was a picture of beauty, was swarthy with all manner of game, that this quixotic region has stretches lifeless over thousands of acres, that this quixotic region has become a veritable museum, a museum of living types that must otherwise have been relegated to South Kensington and similar collections.—London Times.

AN ANXIOUS TIME FOR ALL PARENTS

Children Often Seem to Pine Away and Ordinary Medicine Does Not Help Them

The health of children between the ages of twelve and eighteen years, particularly the case of girls, is a source of serious worry to nearly every mother. The growth and development takes so much of their time, and the masses as the real reason why England participated in the war.

The appetite is fickle, bright eyes give way to depression, there are fits of fits of laziness, palliation of the heart at the least

and sometimes fainting. The blood has become thin and watery

and must have something

to eat.

"If England had withdrawn her support from France the world

would again have been abiding in normal condition. At this stage no

other medicine can equal Dr. Wil-

liams' pills. Their action is

to make new, rich blood which

reaches every part of the body,

bringing back health, strength and

energy. Miss Helena Taylor, West

Country, says: "Two years ago

I was so badly run down with

anaemia that some of my doctors

did not believe I would get better.

I could not get up without

stopping to rest, suffered from

headaches, loss of appetite, and

for two months of the year con-

fined to the house. I was under

the care of a doctor, the medici-

ne he gave did not help me in

the least. A friend advised my

mother to give me Dr. Williams'

medicine. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

cost me \$2.50. From the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Defrauding the Farmers

Farmers Victimized Through Dealing With Fakers

During the last outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease, a man trading on the name of a famous American association persuaded farmers that it was a consideration he could keep the state and other authorities from killing their cattle.

He fought the law for more than a year, recently a judge and jury found him guilty of false pretense.

During the trial it was disclosed that he had collected nearly \$9,000 from his victims, and the record shows that not even counting would carry the total to \$20,000.

In another region an ancient veterinarian with "infallible" methods examined cattle with an old fur glove, rubbing it over their tongues and gathering grubs which he distributed widely.

At the same time he collected tribute from ignorant farmers, who believed the fakers, and by their activities spread contagion over many miles, causing losses that ran into thousands of dollars, and in addition swindled the farmers.

It ought to be a lesson. In any matter of health or communication with the law, it is to accept and to trust the help of your physician, whether they be local, state, or national. They may not know everything, but they know enough to be useful.—Country Gentleman.

A Profitable Mystery

"How do you leave all the folks at home?" replied Senator Schuman. "I told them I was going to see if I could straighten out a few problems for the government," he said. "They were very glad that he had given up a great deal of time."

On nothing in particular, never go into details with my constituents. If you get to explaining things, you are liable to make them think that you don't know enough to be useful.—Country Gentleman.

Dynamiting Mosquitoes

Dynamiting stagnant water holes is the new remedy discovered by citizens of West Haddonfield, N.J., for wiping out mosquito breeding places.

For years past a number of pools lying between the railroad and Haddonfield have furnished a bountiful source of mosquitoes and other pests. These stagnant lagoons could not be drained into the city sewerage because they lay lower than the sewers, and the water would fill again with the first rain.

Some suggested dynamiting the holes, and an expert was sent for. He drilled holes two feet in depth in the centre of each pool and dropped a heavy charge of dynamite into them and fired it. The result was that the water was gone and the rock in such a mass of clay or rock soon disappeared into the surface water soon disappeared into the earth.

The holes are now dry spots and the supply of mosquitos has considerably diminished in the neighborhood.—Philadelphia North American News.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

A Tied Life

The man and wife whose frequent quarrels have become a neighborhood scandal were severely reprimanded by the priest.

"Why," said the priest, "the cat and dog that you have agree better than the two of you."

"May be," said Patrick, "but just tie them together and see what happens."

When Your Eyes Need Care

Medical Practitioners—*Feeling*, *Acting*, *Seeing*. *Eye*, *Glasses*, *Liniment*, *Medicine*—but most in usefulness to patients.

Dr. W. H. CLAY GLOVER, Inc., 118 West 31st Street, New York.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

England in War Times

Took a Year for Britain to Thoroughly Organize for War

Ernest C. Digby, one of the ablest persons connected with the Times newspaper, is visiting America and giving his impressions of the evolution of the war spirit in England, "which is great," he says, "as the English are." He says that the basis of the English attitude on the part of the working people and the masses as to the real reason why England participated in the war.

The English are, however, a people

of great continental power is a

pistol pointed at the heart of Eng-

land."

"If England had withdrawn her head up like a honorable action at this stage no

other nation could have

done so well," he says.

New to you, perhaps, is Nerviline

but known well in many lands as

the most curative and pain-subdu-

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BRITISH INVESTOR HAS FAITH IN RESOURCES OF WESTERN CANADA

DOMINION IS RICHEST GEM IN BRITISH CROWN

Lord Rhondda Believes That Canada Is Richer Than The United States In Agricultural Possibilities, and That This Country Is Destined To Be The Granary Of The World

Lord Rhondda, better known in Canada as D. A. Thomas, the great Welsh coal king, has added one more huge asset to his already colossal interests—100,000,000 acres of land. D. A. Thomas & Sons, Limited, in South Wales.

The Consolidated Cambrian Limited, of which Lord Rhondda is chairman, owns over 100,000 acres of land, with an output of 3,000,000 tons of coal per annum. With the additional output now acquired, will be increased to 5,000,000 tons per annum. The value of money involved in this deal will be virtually \$10,000,000.

Bevan is the chairman of a score of companies in Great Britain—all allied to mineral industries—the capital of which is equal to the wealth of a nation of some power. Lord Rhondda has, in recent years, devoted special attention to the development of the material resources of the Empire.

Some years ago he invested in copper, coal, iron and other minerals—to various parts of the Empire, including South Africa, India, New Australia, Rhodesia, etc., where he has shown his interest in the future of several industries in those countries by allowing his name to be indirectly connected with certain ventures. Ten years ago he came to the conclusion that the Dominion of Canada would eventually turn out to be the richest gem in the British Crown.

In an interview he then summed up his faith in Canada in these words: "Canada is richer than the United States in agricultural possibilities and its mineral resources are limitless. Climatically, while it has no Florida, Canada has by far the best man-making climate in the Empire."

"In a few years, its eastern ports will be within easier reach of the great imperial emporiums and factories of the world. Britain. While the Hudson's Bay is opened for commerce, and the Welland Canal is completed Canada will not feel the competitive strength of the United States to the south. She will become the granary for the world, and when the statesmen of Australia and Canada get together on the same platform, Canada's commercial advantage, Canada will find its place as a big Pacific influence, and aided by the Homeland she may become a mercantile power as in Norway."

"She needs people, of course, but that desideratum will not be wanting. She succeeded because she is British. The English—the backbone of the British—is with her." Lord Rhondda has this eye upon the Northwest of Canada when he built a powerful light-dredging steamer for the Peace River, in Northern Alberta, at a cost of \$250,000, old half-breeds, Indians of the Hudson's Bay Company, who had looked upon the undertaking as ridiculous. They predicted that she would never reach Fort Vermilion, and others asked, "Where is the track by which she is to pay a dividend?"

Her first voyage, a few weeks ago, was a record in speed, the dredging machine having run successfully over a distance from the Peace River Crossing, Mr. C. F. Law, Lord Rhondda's chief representative in Canada, announced that the steamer had built the steamer to bring oil down from the upper reaches of the river, and to meet new standards that would make what had been a pusher, depict him as being "somewhere up in the North."

It should not be assumed, however, that Lord Rhondda is taking a leap in the dark by these developments. He is following advice based on the reports of eminent geologists, and Canadian Government reports, all of which he has studied in conference with the best men that he could gather around him.

Some two years ago he bought a claim for constructing a railroad between Athabasca Landing and Fort Vermillion, traversing country believed to be saturated with mineral wealth, and a month ago he had secured two large samples through the kindness of Dr. Moore, of Fort Frances and A. McNaughton, of Fort William, who had the samples analyzed, and had the Belgian authorities with a full description of the composition of the gum and how it is secured and preserved—Winnipeg Free Press.

Petulant Royal Decree

It is in the small things that the spirit of nation reveals itself. Here is an example, in a petulant and foolish decree of the Emperor and French words from its language which have long been in use in their business houses, and pronouncing its terms with contemptuous indifference with which the tongue will grapple with characteristic thoroughness.

We, on the other hand, are giving continual proof in the vernacular "safe," which looks like becoming a naturalized British word before hostilities have come to an end—London Chronicle.

The Prayer of Britons.

Britishers throughout the world kind in spirit before the dawn of the third year of war as Cromwell and his Puritan kins in prayer before the battle of Marston Moor.

"The only trouble is there's too much of it between here and the sky."

She: You promised to buy me a sealskin jacket.

He: Yes, my dear, I did, but I have had such a hard time, I can't afford to buy even an inconstant man."

Kaiser Thinks History Will Acquit Him

In Conversation German Emperor Declining Responsibility for War

The Berne correspondent of the *Evening Standard* relates that he "had just had a conversation with an eminent neutral, who visited Berlin on business of an official character last week." During that interview, the other members of the delegation were members of the staff of the Empress and the Emperor.

"The Emperor talked freely, though at first he was reticent, during the conversation eventually leading to the war, and the Kaiser said:

"I do not envy the man who has the responsibility for this war upon his conscience. I, at least, am not that man. I think history will clear me of that charge, although I do not suppose that history will hold me faultless."

"In a sense, I am a civilian, in Europe must have a share of the responsibility for the war, and the high position, the latter, of his responsibility. I admit that and yet claim that I acted throughout in good faith and strove hard for peace, even though I did not succeed."

"Why do neutrals always talk about German militarism and never about Russian despotism, the Emperor retorted. "I think the next generation will strike a juster balance in apportioning the blame."

"Early in the war, the Emperor said, I asked the British if they knew that I am responsible for the war has got a hold on your people."

"It is curious how this theory has come into my mind. The people who accuse me of having caused the war are the very people who previously testified to the earnestness of my desire for peace."

The Army Behind The Army

Remarkable Work Along the British Front in France

Under the title "The Army Behind the Army," Lord Northcliffe contributes a lengthy article to *The Times* describing the work of the British army behind the British front in France, in which he favorably contrasts with conditions earlier in the war.

The British, he says, enter the field of battle in a spirit of enthusiasm, and their conduct is inspiring. Mr. Montague said it was true that the last month's expenditure of ammunition was more than double the amount which was expended in the first eight months of the year, and that in the week preceding the July offensive the amount of ammunition consumed exceeded the entire British production during the first eleven months of war.

"We have a whole South African campaign and a complete Crimean campaign written up in every military army behind the lines has already improved on the spot much of the machinery in which we had thought to have attained perfection. Another important condition is the forgetfulness of the British of quick improvisation and organization in unexpected circumstances, making allowance for war times our lines of communication organization, superimposed as it is upon the overworked French roads and railways, and in the country, the number of which Germany had spared the earth through gardens, walls, sheds and cellars. In the village of Westende, which is, perhaps, even more remarkable, the British have built a wall of a wall of an inn on which was inscribed the name 'In de Vrede' (The Peace Tavern)."

"Today, almost before the first fruits of the battle is over, almost before our own and the enemy dead are all buried, the salvage corps are up to collect and pile unused cartridges and machine-guns, and the British old soldiers, dams, adze rifles, haaversacks, steel helmets, and even old rags, which go to the base and are sold at a price a ton."

"The officer in question, who has been treating wounded bluejackets on the battle-fields, has written to the writer: 'We are on account apply a dressing. Surgical dressings—lint, bandage and wool—are not being used except, of course, during the operations of a wounded soldier, when his wound must be covered up with the old way with lint and antiseptics.'

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"The officer in question, who has been treating wounded bluejackets on the battle-fields, has written to the writer: 'I have seen a soldier who has a severe shrapnel wound in the knee. You see that while the bullet is arranged in the usual way over the part of his body, a sort of cradle is formed over the lower part to keep the wound quite clear from any possibility of contact with the skin. The oil, the salve, the water is trickling down all the time, drop by drop, from the glass tube on to the wound, running day and night without intermission, and drying up of the poison from the wound and helping to cleanse and heal it.'

"The 'saline irrigation' undertaken to clean the wound, and draw out infected tissue (the lymph which is the seat of poisons) is a new method. The salve draws out the fluid from the tissue of the blood stream, the lymph which is the enemy of the microbe."

"On the other hand, Sir Almroth argues that it is necessary to the free discharge of lymph from the wound, though it is contrary to truth to say that it results in the removal of the cause of disease, the doctor concluded.

"The authorities at home seem to hush our German prisoners. In France they work, and in public, and are content with their lot, as I know personal knowledge of some of them. It is true that there is a congestion in the docks at home, caused by lack of labor, the sooner the German prisoners are put to work the better."

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"The French have discovered a most efficacious method of spraying severe burns with paraffin."

"At Their Old Game

The crop-killers this season are not up to their job. Working early and late on the destruction of the winter crop, they have managed to reduce it to an estimated total only a little below 700,000 bushels. This figure looks small only in comparison with the yield of the past two years. It is quite normal in any prior comparison. They are a lot of incompetents. —New York World.

"At a Bohemian dinner a composer asked a society woman, who asked him if he had ever written a sonata that would live after him gone. His reply was: 'Madam, I am trying to write something that will enable me to live while I am here.'

"You darn betcha!" triumphantly declared the woman, who had been a moving picture actress will be going here pretty soon."

"Eminently Worth Beholding

"There is a single thing in this democratized town worth seeing!" he peremptorily declared for our noon-mall had disagreed with us and made us disagreeable."

"You darn betcha!" triumphantly declared the woman, who had been a moving picture actress will be going here pretty soon."

"She: You promised to buy me a sealskin jacket.

He: Yes, my dear, I did, but I have had such a hard time, I can't afford to buy even an inconstant man."

THE TRUE BOND OF EMPIRE IS FOUNDED ON LIBERTY AND JUSTICE

PRESERVING THE IDEALS OF WORLD FREEDOM

A. J. Balfour, In An Address To The Overseas Parliamentary Delegates, Analyses The Bond Which Holds Together The Greatest Empire In The World's History

Great Britain Making Supplies for Allies

Minister of Munitions Tells of the Great Increase in British Output

Reviewing the work of the government munitions department in the House of Commons, Edwin Sam Montague, Minister of Munitions, after calling on business of an official character last week, during the adjournment, informed the House that all rifles and machine guns were being supplied to the home forces. The British had done during the recent fighting acquitted itself to the entire satisfaction of the British army and had won the praise of the Allies. The minister, however, added, that this statement, he added, was particularly true of the heavy guns and howitzers.

M. Montague said that half of the engineers required for the country are reserved for the navy. Very shortly Great Britain, he said,

will provide for her own requirements but will be compelled to rely exclusively to the wants of allies in regard to machine guns. Already, he said, she was sending large amounts of guns and ammunition to allies and transferring to her allies metal and transferring to her allies necessary for munitions.

The production of heavy shells, he said, the minister said, was now 94 percent greater than in 1914. There was now being produced in four days, he declared, the equivalent of one month's output of the boast of our race to have spread throughout the world, and each of its own impulse, moved by its own sentiments of patriotism, without pressuring with apprehension, sent its best in men and resources to help in the common cause.

No greater triumph of our race had ever occurred. (Cheers.)

There was a pause in the speech when the minister was asked if he had the experience of Loos for a standard of comparison; the other has been the front since 1915.

"Well, there's a good many of them of course. Seeing the whole day in a new funeral, you do hear it, but it must seem tremendous. You can't move hand or foot on the western front without casualties. But I'm not saying that it wasn't the other, but the front of comparison that impressed me out there. I mean, of course, for the fire we've had to face. What do you think?"

"I return to the adjutant.

"I think the proportion of casualties is pretty much the same as it's been in all the offensives on this front, but the proportion is probably different. This war is just buying and selling; \$200,000 is a lump of money to spend; but in business, people don't care about laying out \$200,000 if it doesn't give a good safe return for it. It's always a good investment: if you can buy sixty or seventy, or a hundred thousand for it, it's good."

The major said, "Perhaps you're a heart of those documents found on prisoners, sent by German companies to the rear, begging for reinforcements: 'Company reduced to nine men and one officer, battalion reduced to three officers and nine men, and so on.'"

"We are gaining in ground; but that's a small thing to the enormous gain in man power and morale. You take it from me, the British Army is a force to be reckoned with, a force that, in my opinion, is the best in the world."

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